



Sample IEP Goal:

With 2 or fewer prompts, the student will complete the steps required to play a board game with 100% accuracy on 4 out of 5 opportunities.

Possible Settings:

- Home
- Classroom

Items Needed:

- Box
- Board
- Pieces
- Rules
- Players
- Task analysis
- Visual supports

Playing a Board Game



Preparing for the Lesson

1. Prior to beginning the lesson, gather baseline data to assess the student's current ability to play a board game. Have the student attempt to play a board game, but offer no prompts. Record their data online (or you may use the task analysis attached if a computer/tablet is not available). Monitor students and intervene as necessary to ensure student safety.
2. Determine the setting where the lesson will take place (consider how the video model will be used in the natural setting, during routines, etc.) and what materials will be used (see Planning for Generalization). *If you can't access a home (natural environment), set up a scenario for playing a board game in the classroom or in other available and appropriate locations (contrived situation).*
3. Identify how the video model will be shown (e.g., on an iPad or tablet, etc.). If technology is not available to view the video model, the student may also use the visual supports provided (i.e., the visual task analysis or the photo cards).



Implementing the Video Model

1. Use the baseline data to determine how much of the video the student views (e.g., if they can already take the pieces out and set them up on the board independently and consistently, start the video at a point that shows the remaining steps).
2. Show the student the video model for playing a board game.
3. When presenting the video model, prompt the student to attend to the video (as needed). Some students may need to see the video several times before being asked to perform the target skill. Determine the appropriate number of times for each student to watch the video model.
4. After the student has viewed the video, have the student attempt to perform the target skill. Use the task analysis (see below) to monitor their progress toward completing the task independently.



Collecting Data Using the Task Analysis

1. After collecting baseline data and having the student view the video, have them attempt to play a board game. Have **Transition to Adulthood** (on www.teachtown.com) open to the Assessment, or use the task analysis provided, to collect data (intervention phase).
2. Give the instructional directive, "Play the game." As the student completes each step to play a board game, note whether they completed the step independently, or what level of prompting they required to complete each step.
3. Offer positive reinforcement (e.g., verbal praise, token, tangible, etc.) for steps completely correctly.



Playing a Board Game



Prompting/Fading Procedures

As the student begins to acquire the skill, you may:

1. Delay the start of the video or stop it before it is over (so the student sees less of the video model). Gradually decrease the amount of the video shown.
2. If there is only one step in the task analysis that they are consistently performing incorrectly, show them only that section of the video. Have them re-watch and practice the step as needed.
3. Use a time delay when prompting the student. If the student does not complete the step (doesn't even begin the step in the task analysis) within 4 seconds of the prompt, "Play the game," provide them with least-to-most prompting (gestural, then verbal, then model, then physical prompting) as needed for the student to complete the steps accurately.

EXAMPLE

If the student doesn't respond within 4 seconds, give them the gesture prompt (i.e., point to the game pieces, etc.). If they still do not respond, offer the verbal prompt, "Take out the game pieces and set them up on the board." If they still do not take out the game pieces, have them watch the segment of the video that models taking out the game pieces. If they still do not respond, use hand-over-hand prompting to complete the step.

4. Fade prompting until the student is performing the skill independently. Some students may continue to need some support; however, the goal should be that they do not require another person to be present to perform the target skill. Teach the student to manage their own behavior using the visual supports.



Planning for Generalization

- Have the student play a board game in a variety of settings (e.g., house, recreation center, classroom, at a table, on the floor, etc.).
- Have the student play a variety of games (e.g., various board games with different rules, game pieces, boards, etc.).
- Have the student practice good sportsmanship (e.g., congratulating the winner, handling losing, etc.).
- Have the student practice asking others if they want to play a game.
- If you are unable to practice in a natural environment (home, etc.), make sure you vary the contrived situation (e.g., change locations, change materials, etc.).

Playing a Board Game - Task Analysis for Data Collection

Student Name: _____

Data Collection Phase (circle one): *Use a different data sheet for each phase.*

Baseline Intervention Maintenance Generalization (specify): _____

| DATE | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1. Take the game out of the box. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Put the game board down where you will play. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Take the pieces out and set them up on the board. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Read the rules of the game. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. Choose your game pieces. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6. Decide who will go first. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7. The first player takes their turn. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8. Each player continues to have a turn. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9. Continue playing until someone wins. | | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTALS* | | | | | | | | | | |

*Total number of steps completed independently and accurately (could note percentage).

| KEY | I | G | V | M | P |
|-----|--------------------------|----------------|---------------|---|-----------------|
| | Independent and accurate | Gesture prompt | Verbal prompt | Model prompt (could be use of the video model) | Physical prompt |

| Playing a Board Game | Done? | |
|---|---|--------------------------|
|  | <p>1. Take the game out of the box.</p> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|  | <p>2. Put the game board down where we will play.</p> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|  | <p>3. Take the pieces out and set them up on the board.</p> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|  | <p>4. Read the rules of the game.</p> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|  | <p>5. The players and I choose our game pieces.</p> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|  | <p>6. We decide who will go first.</p> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|  | <p>7. The first player takes their turn.</p> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|  | <p>8. Each player continues to have a turn.</p> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|  | <p>9. Continue playing until someone wins.</p> | <input type="checkbox"/> |



Take the game out of the box.



Put the game board down where we will play.



Take the pieces out and set them up on the board.



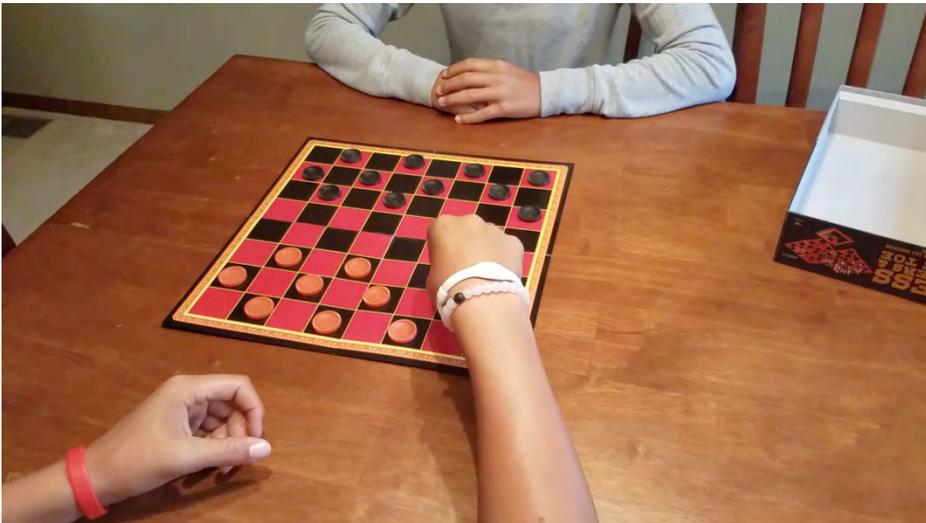
Read the rules of the game.



The players and I choose our game pieces.



We decide who will go first.



The first player takes their turn.



Each player continues to have a turn.



Continue playing until someone wins.



| If | Then |
|---|---|
| <p>The game is missing a piece.</p>  | <p>Use something I already have (e.g., small item, another game piece, a coin, etc.)</p>  |
| <p>I don't know how to play the game.</p>  | <p>Read the directions again.</p>  |
| <p>I am upset that I lost.</p>  | <p>Take a deep breath, count to 10, and briefly walk away if needed.</p> |
| <p>There are too many players.</p> | <p>Take turns or choose a different board game.</p>  |
| <p>There are not enough players.</p> | <p>Ask someone else to play.</p> |
| <p>I need help.</p>  | <p>I will ask someone.</p> |